







# Pesticide Risk Reduction Programme – Ethiopia (PRRP) PhD project on environmental risks

# Goal of PhD project

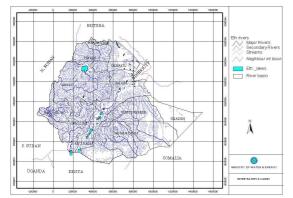
PhD project is part of Work package D: "Sustainability of the developed systems", in which capacity building towards development of technical and scientific platform is undertaken.

Goal is to carry out Aquatic Ecological Risk Assessment of Pesticides in Ethiopia.

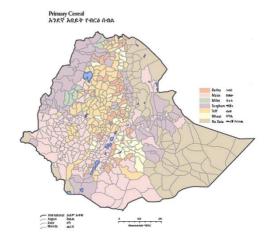
PhD student, with the help of PhD supervisors and co supervisors

## Approach and activities

- Preliminary risk assessment will be done and biological and chemical monitoring will follow
  - The application of GIS techniques and the PRIMET model to identify areas likely to be exposed
  - The use of passive sampler techniques to assess pesticide exposure in a river
  - Lab analytical verification to measure residue levels and type of pesticide contamination in surface waters
  - Sampling and identification of invertebrate and fish species to assess the effects
  - Multiple stressors of the sampled rivers will be identified
  - Relevant traits of the identified species will be determined to allow a traits-based evaluation approach
  - Multivariate analysis of the monitoring data
  - Performing laboratory toxicity tests with local species to determine their acute sensitivity towards relevant pesticides
- ➤ Laboratory and field work to start in April 2012



River systems in Ethiopia



Data source: Ethiopian Agricultural Sample Enumeration 2001/02, Central Statistical Agency. ためんぎ デフタ: FA, ラテドタ サロCS SOMS おおん 1954 9.5・可能が見 カナシのぐれ みざつぐ

Crops grown in Ethiopia

#### Results so far

- Literature review and development of concept note
- Identification of possible research locations
- Collection of secondary data and preparation of a report on inventory of agro-environmental characteristics and existing environmental standards in Ethiopia
- Supporting courses being taken

### **Expected impact**

- > Identification of areas vulnerable to pesticides
- Established multiple stressor and trait data
- Pesticide residue levels and their risks
- Determination of LC50 of the most vulnerable species to be used for future reference
- Identification of the species most vulnerable to pesticide contamination

## Cooperation

- Alterra and Wageningen University (Paul van den Brink)
- APHRD (Tsehay Azage)
- Addis Ababa University (Negussie Retta)
- PhD student (Berhan Mellese Teklu)



Towards a sustainable use of pesticides in Africa